EMBARGOED until Jul 16th 2013: 7 am EST; 12 midday UK time



The Line Islands Collection – Microbial dynamics of coral reef robustness and decline.

Coral reefs face serious threats primarily arising from climate change, unsustainable fishing, and pollution. To better understand the underlying processes, a multidisciplinary series of studies is being conducted by researchers, investigating variability in coral reef community structure and microbial dynamics across gradients of natural and anthropogenic stress. Their results are published in the new PeerJ "Line Islands Collection – Microbial dynamics of coral reef robustness and decline" (named after their upcoming expedition to the Line Islands).

As part of an effort to better understand the effects of anthropogenic influences on these fascinating ecosystems, and specifically how microbial communities affect coral reef robustness and decline, a new expedition to the Line Islands (located in the central Pacific Ocean and one of the most pristine coral reef systems remaining on the planet) will be launched in the fall of 2013. In the run-up to this expedition, a Collection of related articles is being launched in the open access journal PeerJ and as the work of this research collaboration builds up, the Collection will continually expand to include all relevant publications.

The main focus of the Line Islands expedition will be to shed light on the intricate interactions between microbes, coral, algae, and fish and so the researchers leading this body of work have expertise spanning many different scientific disciplines:

The Laboratory of Forest Rohwer, of San Diego State University, investigates the interactions between microbes and macroorganisms in coral reefs, specifically how these systems respond to perturbation. Jennifer E. Smith and her team from Scripps will investigate how local (fishing, pollution, species invasions) and global human impacts (warming, acidification) affect competitive dynamics among benthic taxa and alter community structure. Finally, the group of Stuart Sandin at the Scripps Institute of Oceanography has interests that are centered on predator/prey dynamics and how those dynamics shape the coral reef community. Collectively,

these groups have investigated, and will further study, the biogeochemical processes which shape coral reef ecosystems, spanning spatial scales from microns to thousands of kilometers.

By presenting their articles as a cohesive Collection, the researchers hope to demonstrate some of the implications that result from considering coral reef microbiology on a new scale – something which may help others to see these findings in their broader context.

The "Line Islands Collection" is launched on July 16th with four related articles. New articles will be added to the Collection as and when they are published in PeerJ.

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Additional Materials

Two images (reproduced below, with full resolution versions available at the links noted) are available for press use.

Image 1

Title: Black Tip Reef Shark

Caption: A black tip reef shark swimming over a large table-top *Acropora* coral colony in the remote Southern Line Islands. This image shows the coupling of healthy benthic communities, as seen by the high cover of calcifying organisms and high abundance of top predators in coral reef systems

Image credit: Jennifer Smith

Download the full resolution version at: http://bit.ly/LineImage1



Image 2

Title: Convict Tang Fish

Caption: A large school of roving herbivorous fish (convict tang or *Acanthurus triostegus*) on the remote reefs of Palmyra Atoll (US Fish and Wildlife Refuge and Pacific Remote Island

Area National Marine Monument). **Image credit**: Jennifer Smith

Download the full resolution version at: http://bit.ly/LineImage2



Articles in the Collection: The initial launch of the Collection comprises the following articles. Please email press@peerj.com if you would like to receive advance copies any of these articles.

"Influence of coral and algal exudates on microbially mediated reef metabolism" by Haas et al

"Biological oxygen demand optode analysis of coral reef-associated microbial communities exposed to algal exudates" by Gregg et al

"Visualization of oxygen distribution patterns caused by coral and algae" by Haas et al

"Benthic communities at two remote Pacific coral reefs: effects of reef habitat, depth, and wave energy gradients on spatial patterns" by Williams et al

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Link to the PDF of this Press Release: http://bit.ly/LinePeerJ

URL for the Collection (only live once launched): https://peerj.com/collections/1-line-islands/

This Collection is published in PeerJ, an Open Access Journal which has been publishing since Feb 2013. There is a separate Press Release for the PeerJ launch, at: http://bit.ly/PeerJPR02052013

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About PeerJ

PeerJ is an Open Access publisher of peer reviewed articles, which offers researchers a lifetime membership, for a single low price, giving them the ability to openly publish all future articles for free. The launch of PeerJ occurred on February 12th, 2013. PeerJ is based in San Francisco, CA and London, UK and can be accessed at https://peerj.com/.

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